

Questionnaire on FP7 rules of participation

1. Which of the following consortia accomplish the minimum conditions for participation in the 7th Framework Programme?
 - a. 3 independent legal entities from Greece, France and Moldova
 - b. 4 independent legal entities from Greece, France, Germany and Moldova**
 - c. 3 legal entities from France, USA, Moldova and Romania

2. What is the definition of International Cooperation Partner Countries (ICPC)?
 - a. **a third country which is identified as such in the FP7 work programmes**
 - b. a third country which the European Commission classifies as a low-income, lower-middle-income or upper-middle income country**
 - c. a country which will receive funding from the European Commission

3. Can organizations from Russia and other Eastern European and Central Asian states participate as coordinators in an FP7 project proposal?
 - a. Yes
 - b. No
 - c. It depends on the specifications of the work programme**

4. How are countries from Russia and other Eastern European and Central Asian states treated as regards financial contribution in the 7th FP?
- Participants from these countries are not entitled to funding under the same conditions as EU Member States
 - Participants from these countries are entitled to funding under the same conditions as EU Member States as long as the consortium has the required minimum number of participants from Member States or associated countries**
 - Participants from these countries are entitled to funding as long as a provision is made in the specific programme or in the relevant workprogramme**
5. When calls for proposals are announced:
- Every 1 year starting from the 22nd of December
 - In accordance with the requirements of the specific programme**
 - Every 2 years
6. Project proposals are submitted and evaluated:
- On one stage
 - On two stages
 - According to specifications of the call for proposals**
7. The proposal is submitted:
- Only once and online (EPSS system)
 - Only online (EPSS system) and until the time for deadline of proposal submission**
 - Either by post office or online depending on the specifications of the call
8. Which documents should I consult before start preparing a proposal in a specific FP7 priority area?
- The call fiche**
 - The work-programme of the specific programme**
 - The guide for applicants according to the funding scheme mentioned in the call of interest**
 - The standard model grant agreement
 - The negotiation guidance notes

9. What is the Grant Agreement?

- a. **The contract between the Commission and the Consortium that the Coordinator has to prepare and start the negotiation phase**
- b. The contract between the members of the Consortium that the Coordinator has to prepare during the negotiation phase

10. When is the Grant Agreement put into force?

- a. **On the day of the signature from the Commission and the Coordinator**
- b. On the day of the signature from the Commission
- c. On the day of the positive evaluation of the proposal
- d. On the day of the budget pre-finance transfer from the Commission

11. What is the Consortium Agreement?

- a. The agreement between the Commission and the Consortium to govern the internal organization of the consortium, the distribution of the Community financial contribution, additional rules on dissemination and use including intellectual property rights arrangements and the settlement of internal disputes
- b. **The agreement between the members of the Consortium to govern the internal organization of the consortium, the distribution of the Community financial contribution, additional rules on dissemination and use including intellectual property rights arrangements and the settlement of internal disputes**

12. The results of task included in a project:

- a. Belong to the partner that has contributed most to this task of the project
- b. Belong to the partner as this is specified in the Technical Annex and the Consortium Agreement of the project
- c. **Belong to all partners as long as they have all contributed to the results and their contribution cannot be easily traced.**

13. All partners should contribute to the dissemination of results of the project:

- a. No if this is not specified in the Technical Annex
- b. **Yes as long as they convey to the IPR issues of the project**

14. An organization participating in FP7 can:

- a. choose between the Additional Cost- Model (AC) and Full Cost Model (FC)
- b. **ask for reimbursement of real direct costs**
- c. **ask for reimbursement of real eligible direct costs and select a flat rate financing for the indirect costs**

15. Which of the following costs are eligible?

- a. costs in other EU projects
- b. costs incurred after the end of the project
- c. identifiable indirect taxes, including VAT
- d. debt and exchange losses
- e. **printing expenses**

16. Research and technological development activities are funded as follows:

- a. **Up to 75% for non-profit public bodies, secondary and high education establishments, research organisation and SMEs**
- b. **Up to 50%**
- c. For all organisations up to 75%

17. Demonstration activities are funded as follows:

- a. Up to 35% for non-profit public bodies, secondary and high education establishments, research organisation and SMEs
- b. Up to 100%
- c. **For all organisations up to 50%**

18. Coordination and support actions will be reimbursed:

- a. **Up to 100% for direct costs and 7% for indirect eligible costs**
- b. For all organisations up to 50%
- c. For all organisations up to 75%

19. Other activities that will be reimbursed up to 100% will be:

- a. **Training and Dissemination activities**
- b. **Coordination and Networking activities**
- c. **Management activities**

20. What are the indirect costs?

- a. Personnel costs
- b. **Electricity**
- c. **Telephone and Internet connection expenses**
- d. Travel costs

21. What are the direct costs?

- a. **Personnel costs**
- b. **Travel costs**
- c. Office supply expenses

22. An certificate on financial statements is mandatory when:

- a. **The EC requested funding exceeds 375,000 euro**
- b. At least by the end of the project for projects of two years or less
- c. **The EC requested funding exceeds 375,000 euro and the project's duration is two years or less**

23. The participant guarantee fund as a risk avoidance mechanism means that:

- a. The partners in the consortium have a collective financial responsibility
- b. The coordinator undertakes all responsibility for the consortium as a whole by contributing 5% of the EC financial contribution
- c. **The consortium will contribute 5% of the total EC financial contribution**
- d. The Commission will keep 1% from the EC financial contribution
- e. The Commission may keep 5% from the total EC financial contribution especially when the consortium is composed of organisations that are universities and public bodies

24. The Commission's payment modalities are as follows:

- a. **A pre-financing (within 45 days of the date of entry into force), interim payments, based on financial payments including a retention of 10%, and a final payment**
- b. A pre-financing and a final payment
- c. A pre-financing and a retention of 10% of the budget to be given in the end of the project